

Newry: The R.U.C. station at Canal St. came under a sustained attack Derry: Enemy positions at Letterkenny Rd, Coach Rd, Brandywell and Rosemount R.U.C. station came under fire.

Uimhir 46 7p Samhain 15, 1974

# LATEST

The following is the list of operations carried out by Oglaigh na hEireann during the first week of November as compiled by our Northern staff from supplied statements.

#### FRIDAY, 1st NOVEMBER

Lisburn: In a daring daylight operation a five man A.S.U. hijacked a mailvan at Bridge St. The operation, carried out by a Special Intelligence Unit netted reams of information on enemy personnel, supplies, recruits and suspect informers. The haul also included ten thousand pounds in cash.

Belfast: Two R.U.C. men were shot and injured when a sniper opened up on a mobile patrol at O'Neill Ave., Newtownabbey. No fire was returned as the patrol left the area immediately. Oldpark R.U.C. station came under heavy fire from a

number of positions during the night. No hits could be positively claimed.

Derry: Snipers fired on patrols at Lone Moor Rd. and in the Shantallow

Armagh: A large hardware store at Scotch St. was destroyed following an incendiary attack

#### SATURDAY AND SUNDAY, 2nd and 3rd NOVEMBER

Derry: A sniper engaged a British Army foot patrol at the junction of Lislane Drive and Arranmore Ave in the Creggan estate. One hit was reported by eye

Newry, Co. Down: A British Army mobile patrol came under fire from an A.S.U. in the Derrybeg estate. No hits were reported.

Warrenpoint, Co. Down: The R.U.C. station came under fire from a number of positions. The A.S.U. returned safely.

Newtownabbey: A British Army post which was unoccupied at the time was

destroyed by fire on the Shore Rd

#### MONDAY 4th NOVEMBER

Derry: In a carefully planned operation the R.U.C. station at Rosemount came under fire from several positions. Two hits were recorded by the A.S.U. before they safely withdrew

Lurgan: Two British soldiers were seriously injured by a booby-trap in a vacant house in Mary St. The British were acting on information received from the local A.S.U.

#### TUESDAY, 5th NOVEMBER

Killea, Co. Derry: The local customs post was destoryed by a small charge planted by A.S.U.

Castlewellan, Co. Down: Shaws furniture store in Main St. was wrecked by a suitcase bomb and several other buildings were extensively damaged. No one was injured as a warning had been given.

Belleek, Co. Fermanagh: The British customs post at Corry was destroyed after the local A.S.U, planted an incendiary type bomb in the post.

Portglenone, Co. Derry: A landmine was detonated as a British Army patrol was passing. The British, as usual, denied that they suffered casualties, despite eye witness reports.

Draperstown, Co. Derry: Offices used by the Post Office were destroyed after a bomb exploded in the building.

Lurgan: An enemy patrol was ambushed in the Teagnavin Estate. The A.S.U. withdrew safely and one hit was reported.

#### WEDNESDAY 6th NOVEMBER

Long Kesh: Vol. Hugh Coney was murdered by the British Army while he was attempting to escape from the Long Kesh Concentration Camp. All the prisoners involved in the escape were later recaptured.

Crossmaglen: Two British soldiers were shot dead and another injured when a

foot patrol was ambushed in the square by an Active Service Unit, Oglaigh na hEireann. The ambush came within hours of the news of the murder of Hugh Coney at Long Kesh.

Dungiven, Co. Derry: The local bus station was destroyed by fire.

Belcoo, Co. Fermanagh: A British Army Land Rover was fired on as it left the local barracks.

Dungannon: Enemy troops were fired on at several positions around the Magherafelt: A car bomb was detonated as a British Army patrol was passing. Stewartstown: An electricity transformer was destroyed by a bomb.

Killeen: An R.U.C. patrol was ambushed following a hyjacking on the main Dublin-Belfast Rd. Belfast: A huge bomb destroyed a block of business premises in Ann Rd. Musgrave Rd. Police station was extensively damaged. Several cars owned by R.U.C. men were destroyed. THURSDAY 7th NOVEMBER Stewartstown, Co. Tyrone: In a carefully planned landmine operation carried out by the East Tyrone Brigade, two British Army explosives experts were killed instantly and 3 soldiers and an R.U.C. man were seriously injured; 4 other Brits were less seriously injured. A van loaded with explosives was driven into the U.D.R. H.Q. in the town. The bomb exploded sometime later causing extensive damage to the building. The British denied any casualties. Gortin, Co. Tyrone: The Ulster Bank and several other buildings in the town were wrecked by a bomb placed outside the bank. No civilians were injured.

Belfast: An R.U.C. man was injured when a blast bomb was thrown at an enemy foot patrol at Mornington Ave. A British soldier was seriously injured when a blast bomb was thrown at an enemy foot patrol at Alliance Ave. Freedom Fighter

#### Debe

### Truailliú eile ó Theach Laighean

BA É a dúrit na nuachtáin is eile gur "ráfla" a bhí ann. Ní hea ach broim phoiblí oifigiúil an stáitín: tá siad le buille an bháis a thabhairt dor Ghaeilge, má ligtear dóibh. don

Ghaeilge, má ligtear dóibh.

Ceard é a lig an bhroim? Tá an iomarca trioblóde ag bagairt ar an mBúrcach bréan agus ní móide og cuirfeadh seisean fáilte roimh a leithéid, faoin am seo.

An Brianach bradach: b'ihéidir é nó tagann sé an-leanúnach ar fad ar an gcaint taircaisneach a mallaibh i dtaobh na tugann ar an mallaibh i dtaobh na tugann ar an mallaibh i dtaobh na tugann ar chair de an tuga

ouaonna a obeas se le feicead, ar ball.

Cac — nó buinneach — é seo a shí ar an mbealach amach le roinnt mhaith blian ach bhí se soileir, beagan indiadh don chomhrialtas a bheith bunaithe go raibh coileasteacht na Gealige faoi.

"D'imir siad bob orainn" arsa fear Chonartha liom le déanaí, "nuair a choilleadh an Ghaeilge i gcóras na scolaíochta. Bhí se de cheart againn an raic a thosú ansin, ceart go leor."

Céard a dhéanfas siad, an babhta seo?

Céard a dhéantas siad, an bab-hta seo?
"Rudaí uaisle agus rudaí gránna," a deir féar an Chonartha liom. Ní raibh sé sásta a thuill-eadh a rá.

#### Ráth Cairn

Ráth Cairn

LE BREIS is mí, anois, tá áras an phobail oscailte i Ráth Cairn, ach noise go bhfuil Roinn na Gaeltachta tar éis dhul siar ar a bhfuil gealta go poiblí agus sin i geló aici — go bhfaighidh gach halla Gaeltachta 80 faoin gcéad den chostas — tá slam mór airgid en-ioc fos ag Comharchumann Ráth Cairn — decastaíonn uair maine a dteastaíonn uair maine a dteastaíonn uair sin a chach a ghlainadh, cuireadh sintius flacha a ghlainadh, cuireadh chach a ghlainadh cuireadh chach a ghlainadh, cuireadh Phaidín, an t-amhrpanail), Ráth Cairn, Ath Bhuí, Co, na Mí.





Beirt de ghasuir na háite (thuas) agus (ar chlé) Pádraic Mac Donncha, agus Treasa Ní Chonghaile as Leitir Mor.

Chonghaile as Leitir Mor.

teach, thar n-ais in Eirinn, chun fanacht thár measc, más féidir. Tá ea sai til e go bhfaightidh se post se ag súil e go bhfaightidh se post se ag chard an thair an thair se ag chard an an tháin eile, faoi stúir an Riadgh, mar atá "Reacaireacht an Riadgh, mar atá "Reacaireacht an Riadgh, and atá "Reacaireacht an Riadgh, and atá "Reacaireacht an Riadgh, an thair and thair an thair an thair an thair an thair an thair and thair and thair an thair and thair and thair an thair and thair an

## agus saí Secardo I Colombo dolsa Tám geall le bheith cinnte, mar sin féin, gur féidir na locht-anna a leigheas. Ach chostódh sin tuilleadh airgid. Is fada ó bhí fáiltiú chomh fial ag ocaid Ghaeilge is a bhí i Ráth Ciarn ag an oscailt ofigiúil. Chos-tódh cursaí i bhíad níos mó ach gur bhrom búsichir san air mar agus an air mar air air air ag gComharchum ann. Mná den scoth

TÂ MNĂ Ráth Cairn le moladh thar dhream eile ar bith. D'oibrigh siad go dtí go riabh siad ina gcodladh ar an dá chois, nach mór. Níl mórán dobh ann. Agus níl mórán ban in Éirinn a dhean-fadh a ndearna siad. Rud mór amháin tá ag déan-mb buartha dom seus disti mé é

ladin a fiderana sladin in ti ag déan-Rud mós amagus dáirt mé-é le Marcas Ó Curraoin. Cill Bhride Arís agus aris cile rinne Doall do Lubhlaí, fear an tí ag an oscailt, a shaindhícheal chun ciúnas haid do na hamránaithe. Ach theip air. Bhí sé de chlú ariamh ar an gcine s'againne go raibh muid deis na hamhránaithe trí bheith desach agus og cuideodh muid leis na hamhránaithe trí bheith muintir Ráth cairn – agus dream-anna cile ar fud na tíre – bheith daingean faoi sin. B'fhearr gan cinne ag déanamh ceoil nó ag casadh amhráin mura bhtúil an lucht éisteachta sásta bheith ag cisteacht.

casadh amhrain miro bhiul air cheacht a sista bheith ag cisteacht. Let a chear an ti an chear an tian chear an tao chear an tian chear an tian

#### Darach thar n-ais

IS BREA liom go bhfuil Darach O Catháin, an t-amhrpanaí clúi-

#### Rinncí fóirne

Rinner foirne
RéinNer a deastaíonn uaidh na
rinei fóirne (sets) a fhoghlaim
fearfar Fáilt ror a fhoghlaim
fearfar failt ror a fhoghlaim
failt a fhoghlain failt ror a fhoghlaim
failt a fhoghlai

Jaim, is cosúil.

Is iad na rincí fóirne is mó a chleachtaíonn coismhuintir na hÉirinn agus tá áilleacht is ealaid ag baint leo – ní airíonn an creach – nuair a dhéantar i gceart iad. Cuid dár n-oighreacht iad agus is cóir iad a choinneáil beo.

## An Phoblacht

Samhain 15, 1974 Imleabhar 5. 44 Cearnog Pharnell, B.A.C., Eire.

Guthan: 747611

#### After withdrawal

THERE may be some confusion — planned or unplanned — in the public mind as to the Irish national objective in 1974 and, indeed, in 1975 and every year until such time as it has been accomplished. That objective is the independence of Ireland, the time as it has been accomplished. That objective is the independence of Ireland, the time as it has been accomplished. That objective is the interpolation of freiand, the entire 32 historic counties, the entire four provinces, together with all the islands entire 32 historic counties, the entire four provinces, vegetable and the islands around our coasts, as well as Irish sovereignty over the seabed, as far as and

including Rockall.

In our Movement such confusion may arise in thinking that the demands of the leadership of the Republican Movement for the withdrawal of British troops is an leadership of the Republican Movement for the withdraw, the necessary conditions will end in itself; or that, as soon as these troops withdraw, the necessary conditions will be created for Irish independence. This is not necessarily so, For the British could be created for Irish independence. This is not necessarily so, For the British could be created for Irish independence.

be created for Irish independence. This is not necessarily so. For the British could withdraw their troops and still maintain the economic stranglehold, possibly even more effectively, in a camourflaged presence, termed "neo-colonialism." more be obvious even to the Vichy-like politicians, north and south, that the so-called "Treaty" has failed. In fact, of course, it was never a treaty, for such an so-called "Treaty" has failed. In fact, of course, it was never a treaty, for such an agreement is signed between two sovereign powers: the British never recognised agreement as a sovereign power. On December 6, 1921, Irish and British delegates did Ireland as a sovereign power, on December 6, 1921, Irish and British delegates with the contraver from the chief Irish executive of the time and in defiance of the wint to the contraver from the chief Irish executive of the time and in defiance of the winter the contraver from the chief Irish executive of the time and in defiance of the winter the contraver from the chief Irish executive of the time and in defiance of the winter the contraver from the chief Irish executive of the time and in defiance of the winter the contraver from the chief Irish executive of the time and in defiance of the winter the contraver from the chief Irish executive of the time and in defiance of the winter the contraver from the chief Irish executive of the time and in defiance of the winter the contraver from the chief Irish executive of the time and in defiance of the winter the contraver from the chief Irish executive of the time and in defiance of the winter the contraver from the chief Irish executive of the time and in defiance of the winter the contraver from the chief Irish executive of the time and in defiance of the winter the contraver from the chief Irish executive of the time and in defiance of the winter the contraver from the chief Irish executive of the time and in defiance of the winter the contraver from the chief Irish executive the contraver from the chief Irish executive to the contrary from the chief Irish executive of the time and in defiance of the will of the mass of the Irish people, as expressed through the ballot in the general election some months before.

Little publicity has been given to a significant plaque set in a table in the former Country Home, south London, now the headquarters of the Pinewood Studios: Country Home, south London, now the headquarters of the Finewood Studios: "In this room, November 3rd, 1921, the ratification of the Irish Free State Treaty was settled by the Rt. Hon. Earl of Birkenhead (then Lord Chancellor of England), the 8tt. Hon. Viscount Long of Wraxcoll, the Rt. Hon. Viscount Younger of Leake, Chairman of the Conservative and Unionist Party, Sir Malcolm Fraser, Bart, President States the Conservative and Unionist Party, Lt. Colonal W. Conservation and Linguist Party. Principal Agent, the Conservative and Unionist Party, Sir Malcoim Fraser, Bart, Principal Agent, the Conservative and Unionist Party, Lt. Colonel W. Grant Morden, J.P., M.P." Note, carefully, the date.

Whether another, real treaty, is desirable, is a mute point. Perhaps all that would be needed would be the depositing of a document with the United Nations by Britain to the effect that that state renounces all alleged rights in Ireland and recognises the sovereignty of the entire people of Ireland to rule and administer their country without let or hindrance. But the exact wording can be left safely to the constitutional lawyers. All we are concerned with, here, is that the objective be clear to the people of Ireland and abroad: we want our country, physically, politically, culturally, economically, to be completely independent, uncondit-

The withdrawal of British troops, preferably phased and in agreement with the leadership of the Republican Movement, is merely the means to the end. But it is not the end, which is complete freedom for our people to decide their own destinies, Irish speaker and English speaker, Catholic, Protestant, Dissenter, Jew, and those who subscribe to no religion.

#### Charles the sleight

ACCORDING to information received, the bogus letter, purporting to come from Fine Gael, and designed to influence voting in the Cork bye-election, emanated from friends and associates of Mr. Charles Haughey, who made an interesting speech in defence of Republicanism in the area recently. As the story goes, this politician's friends are doing what they can to get as low a Finana Fail vote as possible so as to weaken the Finana Fail leader, the apparent objective being to

possible so as to make the control of the control o the backs of Oglaigh na Bireann. It looks very like another, similar bid by the Haughey adherents and Republicans need to be on their guard and to put the people, in general, on their guard, also, against this sleight of hand.

when Charles Haughey was Dublin Minister for Justice he re-opened the Curragh Concentration Camp, in the late fifties, imprisoning many Republicans, in obedience to the British ambassador of the time. There are no sure indications that, since then, he has become converted to the true interests of the Irish people.

Mr. Haughey, like Dr. Garret FitzGerald, realises that the tide is turning in favour of the liberation movement, in the 26 Counties, even if slowly, and is trimming his sails accordingly. It would be tragic and a bitter blow to the fighting thinning its suits accordingly. It would be trage and a office flow to the spin men in the Six Counties if the nationally minded people in the South were to be deluded, once again, by Fianna Fail led by Charles Haughey. Sinn Fein has an urgent obligation to keep the people informed and to strip Haughey and his cohorts of their spurious republicanism

## Comhargadh a chuir ag troid muid

NÍL fhios agam ar thuig muid, nuair a thosaigh an bholscaireacht faoin gComh-argadh, go gcuirfeadh sé na bráithre ag troid lena chéile, fé mar is rí-shoiléir i láthair chuaire shuaire sheara

fé mar is rí-shoiléir i fáthair an huaire sa mBreatain Bheag.
Is doiligh an scéal é nuair a bhionn feirmeoirí ó Eirinn agus ón mBreatain Bheag ag coimhlint fé mar atá le seachtainí anuas. Is brónach an scéal é nuair a bhionn scairir na Briotáine ag troid le hissodir na Briotáine ag troid le hissodir na Briotáine ag troid le hissodir na Briotáine agus ar ghaimbineachas atá an Comhairgadh bunaithe. Is rud é caipitleachas a chuireann dearthair in éadan a mhís ar mhaith leis an mbrabhis suaireachair in éadan a mhís ar mhaith leis an mbrabhis suaireachair na chadh a mbrabh suaireachair na chadh a mbrabh suaireachair na mhaith leis an mbrabh suaireachair na chadh a chadh a mbrabh suaireachair na chadh a chadh

#### An tseachtain

làidir

ntachas. Is trua go mór liomsa nach ar bhonn an tsóisialachais atá Plaid Cymru, páirtí náiseanta na Brea-aire Bige, bunaithe, nó bheadh dóchas éicint agam go sárólaí na fadhbanna tá ag an dá thir faoi chaipitleachas agus faoi impir-iúlachas.

#### Siucra agus turcaithe

SCANNAL mór eile atá i ngann-tanas an tsiúcra. Tá fhios ag gach éinne go bhfuil sé ag imeacht go tiugh thar teorainn agus thar chuan amach ach ní féidir leis na húdaráis aon cheo a\*dhéanamh chun é stopadh.

#### le Cunla

Dlí an mhargaidh, a mhac. An Comhluadar Geilleagrach Eorp-

Comhluadar Geilleagrach Eorpach,

Nior mhiste do gach cumann
aitiúil de chuid Sinn Féin imlitir a
fhoilsiú agus a chraobhscaoileadh
at dan dúthaigh ag miniú do na
daoine cén fáth go bhfuil cfurrasi
an istiúcra — agus go leor cúrsaí
eile — a dhona agus atáid: ballraíocht C.G.E.

Amach anseo. chuile sheans

iad an feirmeoir boundaria geolian an choismhuniar i geolian an an Gaeltachta agus cuid mhaith bhan sa nGalltacht bhi ag brailt geónaí ar chipta seiline ghaodhra ar na turcaithe?

Tá deis an-mhór ag Sinn Féin anois an poblaí at hubhair leis Mieanann an CaC. E. ag brai a daoine bochta, níl i ndiar an daoine bochta, níl i ndiar an daoine bochta, níl i ndiar an chointí, le finiciar ar an broblaí, i an thrintí, le finiciar ar an broblaí, i ndiárfire, a de hagadh le sóisiá achas nó bheith damnuithe laoin diárfire, ach glacadh le sóisiá achas nó bheith damnuithe laoin gaiptíleachas.

Molaim S.F. Loch Garman s. S.F. Loch Garman as an deishampla a thabhairt don pháirtí.

## BRITISH MURDERERS KILL

## INTERNEE

from Our Northern Staff

A mass escape attempt by Republican internees in Long Kesh ended in tragedy when one of the escapees, Hugh Coney, was shot down by the British troops alerted when the breakout was discovered.

Using trackerdogs and helicopters fitted with powerful searchlights, the Occupation Forces succeeded in re-capturing all those who had got outside



The mouth of the tunnel through which Republican prisoners-of-war attempted to escape from Long Kesh.

Long Kesh through a tunnel leading from a Republican compound.

Coney, a Lieutenant in "A" Company, East Tyrone Batt., Mid Ulster Brigade, Irish Republican Army, was fired on by British troops and killed in circumstances which have been described as "cold blooded murder" by such as Frank Maguire, M.P. and Fr. Denis Faul.

Lieut. Coney had been interned in Long Kesh for over 17 months and had been tortured by the R.U.C. before being transferred to the only concentration camp in Western Europe.

The staff of AN PHOBLACHT on behalf of all branches of

the Republican Movement offer our deepest sympathy to the family and comrades of Lieut. Coney.

But while we grieve at his loss, we derive comfort from

remembering that "life springs from death, and from the graves of patriot men and women spring living nations".

Go ndéarna Dia trócaire ar a ar

## **Victory for** Stagg

as to his status as a political prisoner have been granted by the

We reproduce here a letter received from Frank's brother, Joseph. It speaks for

9 Turret Road, Palmerstown, Co. Dublin 7/11/74

A chara,
The family of Pronnsios
Stagg, who has come off his
hunger strike at Long Lartin
prison, having been granted
all his demands by the prison
authorities, wish to publicly
tender their sincere thanks to tender their sincere thanks to all organisations and individ-uals who fought so hard and so unceasingly throughout the hunger strike, to make a complete victory possible for my brother. In particular our deep gratitude is extended to the Association for Legal Instince Dubling Branch Simp the Association for Legal Justice (Dublin Branch), Sinn Fein — Irish and English Branches, The Irish Civil Rights Associations, Mr. Frank Maguire M.P. (Fermanagh/South Tyrone), the workers who marched to the workers wno marched to Leinster House in protest on Tuesday November 5th., the ordinary prisoners at Long Lartin who supported Pronnsios during the strike and the staff of An Phob-

It is regrettable to have to record, that despite generous publicity given to the hunger-strike and the reasons for it, no member of Leinster House can be included in the above

can be included in the above list of people who were prepared to stand up and be counted on this issue of man's inhumanity to man.

While the hunger-strike is now at an end, Pronnsios is still on the danger list, having been allowed to go to death's door for the second time in nine months, before the Home Office restored the right of human dignity, that they must never again be allowed to take away.



Lieut. Coney - murdered by the British

## Conradh hits at O'Brien

In a recent statement, Conradh na Gaeilge said: "Dr. Conor Cruise O'Brien's choice of terminology in his ref-erence to Conradh na Gaeilge is reminiscent of a colonial administrator who has become exasperated with the natives who fail to think and

become exasperated with the natives who fail to think and act as he does.

On at least six occasions during the past seven months the editor of our magazine ROSC has been promised an interview with profices, but to date the interview has not materialised. In the circumstances it is a little disapproperation of the constances it is a little disapproperation of the constances in a constance of the constances in the constance over the past seven months that Dr. Cruise O'Brien should explain what he really meant when he was reported by the "Irish Independent" of February 2 language sympathicory. "You've not going to run the show." and to have said further that R.T.E's rish language policy was "Overbearing, domineering, and no longer acceptable".

We have pointed out that the "Commercing" language policy of R.T.E. allows a miserable 2.25 of the commercing is a constant of the company of the company

are broadcast mainly at off-peak times, sometimes close to midnight.

We also draw attention to the practice of cancellation of Irishmedium programmes to make way for English ones. As an example, the programme 'Gairm' was cancelled.

Our statements have contrasted the position of Irish on R.T.E. Itelevision with the established fact that almost 19% of the adult population of Dublin regularly watch and listen to Irish programmes on T.V. and radio. There are reasons for believing that the percentage for the rest of the state is much higher.

The demand is there, the ability to produce in Irish is there. All will be considered the programmes of the state is much higher.

The demand is there, the ability to produce in Irish is there. All will on the programmes of the state is much full contrast to the state is much full can be under the property of the state is much full contrast. We have also taken issue with Dr. Cruise O'Brien on his plan to rebroadcast

British TV services in competition with R.T.E.

Our organisation has no desire whatever to prevent people who wish, at their own expense, with the means to receive British TV services. Censorship of opinions and information may be part of Dr. Cruise O'Brien's function; it is not ours.

There can be no argument, however, for State subsidisation of dissemination of British TV programmes.

We have argued on the basis of well documented evidence that rebroadcasting by the State of well documented evidence that the state of t



The head of the funeral cortege of Over 8,000 people attended the funeral the murdered soldier

Anti-internment demonstrators feelings towards the murderer



#### MANCHESTER MARTYRS COMMEMORATION 17th November 1974

Birr, Co. Offaly at 1.00 p.m. sharp. Assemble at St. Brendan's G.A.A. Grounds. Colour Party by Na Fianna Eireann. SPEAKERS: Gerry Ó Danachair, Michael Kennedy U.D.C. and other Republican speakers

COME AND HONOUR THE NAME OF MICHAEL LARKIN



Miss Maloney and Gus O'Brien



## EVIFIII

ONCE again, Sinn Féin is in the vanguard of the struggle for social justice as is proven by this report from Waterford.

this report from reactions.

In 1939, Miss Maloney took up resistence with a farming family at Ballinacourty, Co. Waterford. As so often happened in similar cases, the family became in effect "her family" and the house her home.

In 1943 Gus O'Brien began working on the farm and as with Miss Maloney he settled in. Both over the years had to assume an increasing share of the responsibility for the running of the farm and by the early sixties they were the sole workers.

Two members of the family were by now dead and the remaining member was virtually invalided. Miss Maloney cared for this man in a way that expert medical help could not equal. Often he assured her that "Gus and herself would be well cared for".

In 1972, this man died and the Bank of Ireland in Dungarvan were made the In 1972, this man died and the Bank of Ireland in Dungarvan were made the executors of his will. The farm and property under the terms of the will were to be sold and the proceeds divided between the two sisters of the dead man, who were living in Dublin and the Society for the Propagation of the Faith of the Faith

Miss Maloney and Gus were cared for to the extent that each got £200 in the will. This amounted to £5.71 for each year of her life that Miss Maloney had given and Gus got £6.06 a year for his long years of toil, sweat and hardship.

The farm effects were off first including the house furniture. Both had to buy back enough to provide the bare necessities. The land was then sold and the money realised in addition to the known cash transactions of the family would, add up to approximately £80,000. The real figure may be far in excess of this. of this.

The bank needed vacant possession of the house and so got an eviction order against the couple. Rumoun was rife that the house and out offices were to be demolished and replaced by luxury dwellings.

replaced by luxury dwellings.

A full awareness of their predicament dawned on the couple only when they were served with a court order. They frantically sought out their local councillors but were put off, being told that "the law was the law". Both left the house and while staying with friends approached Sinn Féin in the Rinn. The Cumann got the couple to move back in. Since then the house has been protected by Sinn Féin members who will resist any attempt at eviction. resist any attempt at eviction.

A public meeting was held recently in Dungarvan to place the facts before the people. The Chairman of the Rinn Cumann opened the meeting and after a few brief

Donal O Siodhacháin, addressing the

remarks handed over to Tomáš O Ceallaigh.

remarks handed over to Tomas O Ceanagin.

Tomás explained why Sinn Féin had become involved. He told of the rejection of the couple by the local politicians. He bitterly attacked the local independent councillor who pledged his support but did not show up to support the couple. He concluded by appealing to the people not to let the eviction take place.

Mrs. Merriman from Waterford stated that "The days of the battering ram were over" and asked that these people get Christian justice which was their due. She condemned those who ignored the plight of the people in need.

the people in need.

Donal O Siodhacáin, Ard Comhairle, spoke briefly in Irish and then went on to say: "It gives me little pleasure to come here from Cork to address you. You have local representatives of your own who were elected to 'speak' for the people and it's these people who should be standing up and demanding that justice be done. Liam Mellower's bitter cry from his prison cell shortly before he was murdered: "that the people with a stake in this country were never for revolution", rings out accusingly today. We do not demand that they support

revolution here today but we insist that they stand up and speak for those they are supposed to protect. We ask no more of them than that they give living witness to the Christianity they professed in church this morning.

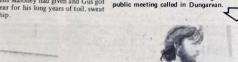
"These same people" he went on to say, "will be first to accuse us of jumping on the band wagon. They can be seen for what they are and as to their accusation I state without qualification that Sinn Féin's stand is with the weak, the defenceless and the unprotected in our society. We make no apology to those whom this stand will bring us into conflict with: Its our traditional stand, by choice and right.

stand, by choice and right.

"We can well imagine the protests that would follow if these people lost their jobs and had the backing of a powerful trade union. We can imagine the compensation they would get. If a small business was shut down after 35 years we can well picture the Chamber of Commerce delegations to Leinster House. Yet because these two delerly people are abandoned and alone, their usefulness to society ended, they are to be turned out on to the side of the road to go where they will. go where they will.

"We in Sinn Féin pledge them our continued support until justice is done".

Some of the people who volunteered to help after the meeting giving their names to a cumann member of Rinn Sinn Fein.







## TOP SECRET BRITISH DOCUME CAPTURED

RESTRICTED TAS CONTILEN INCLAND RESTRICTED THE

me of the confidential documents which the IRA have captured from the British army.

from the British army in a mail robbery in which it also netted £10,000 in cash. Also captured was a considerable amount of information which has not been released to the press. "We are at present examining it and we will be taking action on a number of things we have learned"

#### Informers Exposed

Oglaigh na h-Eireann Intelligence stated that giro cheques found in the raid were payment to informers and that they will be carrying out investigations into the people concerned.

The documents, some photostat copies of which were delivered to AN PHOBLACHT, related to money orders sent to individuals in many areas of the north and the IRA say that from these they now have a clean picture of who is supplying the British army with information.

#### Long Kesh plans

The copies of the documents given to AN PHOBLACHT includes a report to the army, the Department of Finance in the North, and prison personnel on a meeting on Cutober 30 concerning the reconstruction of Cong Kesh following its burring. It gives in detail the plans and timetable for the rebuilding

The document copies bore headings and crests used by various British Army sections such as the Royal Military Police, the Transport and Movements Branch of headquarters in the North, and the 36 Engineer Regiment who are carrying out the work at Long Kesh.

#### No heating

The document relating to the work at the camp says that because of an industrial strike (clearly the road haulage dispute which has blocked northern ports) there is a critical shortage of sectionalized wooden huts, electric cable and meth ferning. If will only have minimal lighting, from the compound fence, and no electric heating until no sub-station is reinstated.

The documents from the

The documents from the Transport Branch are marked "restricted" and relate to tax numbers. In a letter from the Transport Controller of the Motor Taxation Department at

Ballymena he says: "The following tax discs are returned to you. The number-plates are retained by this H.Q. and will be used again".

It is followed by a registration number and the letter is accompanied by a document addressed to the local vehicle licensing office at the Department of the Environment in Ballymena.

#### In confidence

Another document marked "staff in Confidence" was from army headquarters to the chief superintendent's office of "k" Division of the R.U.C. It reduced to a helicopter crash at Richill on April 12 this year. It is signed by D. Rigsdale, Capt., for the Commander, Royal Military Police.

The British Army said in a statement that they had no report of mail having been captured. The R. U.C. confirmed that a post-office van was highced at 6.30 p.m. last Friday by five armed men near Lisburn British Army Headquarters.

THE following statement was issued by the P.R.O. Republican Internees, Long Kesh Concentration Camp on 28/10/74.

The statement in the Irish three is some sort of hut intact. News on Saturday, 26th inst., regarding conditions pertaining to this concentration camp and present, contained some inaccuracies and significant race. Internees, Long Kesh Concentrates and the Irish News on Saturday, 26th inst., regarding conditions pertaining to this concentration camp at the Irish Concentration camp at the Irish Concentration camp at the Irish Concentration and significant on Irish Constitution of the Irish Concentration Continued on Irish Continued Co

(a) We are not so much meetined about the medical tention given to our comrades, e are more concerned with the k of medical treatment given to r numerous injured comrades. The authorities have removed the hot water and heating the hot water and heatin facilities from the camp hospitial Only superficial treatment is given even potentially serious cases

(B) Gas heaters were supplied 25th (per cage) these heaters n only be used in cages where

cage

(C) One gas ring, for cooking purposes, has been supplied to each cage but as yet no containers have been supplied to use on the ring. Water is boiled in old tins on a fire built from scraps of wood.

a fire built from scraps of wood.

(D) It is time that no man is without a roof of some description over his head. This is so in spite of the authorities and not because of them. The definition of 'roof' should be interpreted in the widest possible terms. Perhaps a clear the finition of some sort but in most cases a hardly adequate shelter.

(E) Participalities have been

(E) Portocabins have been supplied, generally, one per cage acceptionally two. These cabins are 20 ft by 8 ft and although they have electric lights and heaters in no case have the authorities connected an electrical supply to these cabins. Their value thus is, minimal. At any rate each cabin could only at most

## LONG KESH THE **INSIDE FACTS**

sleep five men

sleep five men.

(F) Some indication of the true position re, accommodation and beganded as a commodation of the state of

arter the fire.

(G) One Portaloo' (portable toilet) was supplied to each cage on 24th inst., no accessories weir supplied with it. This portaloo backs onto an open swer. Prior to this two thems and the portaloo and the portal of the portal portal

(H) Oureating utensils consist of one 3/4 pt bakelite container and spoon of wartime vintage per

man. One must eat all ones meals from these, from tea to stews. At any rate these containers are very brittle and thus now most men find themselves eating out of discarded milk cartoons.

discarded milk cartoons.

(f) The food ration consists of stew, soup, potatoes (two per man) tea, bread and margarine. The quantity is half a bowl each, means that most bread is eaten dry. The prison chaplains statement spoke of bags of potatoes and orions being supplied. We have certainly never supply us with such would be faitle since we don't have the means of cooking them. The chaplain must have been misled.

(J) No soap, toothpaste or washing powder has been supplied to enable us to wash adequately. This lack of essential personal and This lack of essential personal and clothing washing material will inevitably lead to the outbreak of a disease of a serious nature. Flut has already taken its hold in Cage 8. It will not be long before various diseases strike at our vulnerable constitutions.

(K) No electrical light has been supplied. The cages are in darkness from nightfall til

(L) This camp is now under the direct control of Rees amy, Patrols constantly parade within the confines. As, these soldiers pass the cages they hurl abuse and obsentities at us. At night-time they shower the corrugated iron with stones ensuring thus that one does not get unbroken sleep.

(M) There is strong eviden-to suggest that incoming ar-outcoming mail is being tampered with malsciously.

These are just some of the realities of life in Englands concentration camp in October 1974. Much effort is being made to conceal the facts and break our spirits. It will not succeed. We will do without our visits and parcels so long as our fellow-prisoners are being denied theirs.

Our appalling conditions only make us more determined in our resolve. The magnificent response of you the people to our plight has been our inspiration. So thanks or tribute is great enough for your efforts. We will take the hardships since with your help Long Kesh can be made a memory. This is the deep desire of usall. memory. of us all'.

#### "INTIMIDATING SEARCHES"

THE Henry J McCracken/Louis Scull Jov Sinn Féin Cumann have called for an immediate halt the intimidating searches" of Unity Flats by the British Army.

Like the RUC, the Army because of their intimidating actions in the area, were totally unacceptable to the

The Cumann say that the search and arrest operations were directed against a selective group of people and were obviously intended as a "war of intimidation".
"These houses have been raided by the British Army so often that it is difficult to see how they hope to gain any further information about the residents", the Cumann statement added.

The statement referred to a recent incident in which two young married women,

with her infant child one together with a semi-invalid man awaiting treatment from a health visitor were taken for questioning and not released for several hours.

#### EIRE NUA - LAVEY TORCH LIGHT

#### **PROCESSION**

(Manchester Martyrs)

Sat 23rd Nov., at 8.30 p.m. Sharp. Followed by Concert in Gulladuff Hall featuring LONG KESH RAMBLERS and other well known Artists. Adm. 50p

#### SEVERE REPERCUSSIONS

IN a supplied statement, Oglaigh na h-Eireann said:

"The savage sentences meted out to Miss Judith Ward today explodes the myth of so-called English justice.

English justice.

"Over two weeks ago we stated that Miss Ward was not a member of Oglaigh na hEireann and was not used in any capacity by the organisation. She had nothing to do what-so-ever with the military coach bomb, the bombing of Euston English was also been attacked to the attack of the company of

by units of the Irish Republican

Army.

"More than 50 successful operations have been executed by the Irish Republican Army units against military, political, economic and judicial largest. The British Government has been under no illusion as to who was responsible and the reasons for the operations. The British public mass from the operations. The British public mass from the properties of the properties of the operations. The British public mass from the operations. The British public mass from the operations are the operations of the operat

The statement was signed P O'Neill, Runai, I.R.P.B.

#### **BURNED BY UNIONIST TERRORISTS**



Following the Unionist terrorist threat to the young Catholic family allocated a Housing Executive House near Maguiresbridge, on the Lisbellaw road, as our picture shows, the dwelling was gutted by fire rather than that it should be occupied by a needy Catholic family.

## PURGING THE SEPARITIST MENTALITY

IN the course of its history, and while maintaining a basic continuity of principle, Irish Republicanism has changed in theory, form and strategy. This is simply another way of saying that Irish Republicanism has been a living, struggling, learning movement, and not a dead relic passed on reverently from generation to generation.

From the start, the essential goal has remained the same: a sovereign, independent Ireland, with a republican form of government. Moreover, the original invitation to all Irishmen, irrespective of origin, to share in the new nation, has been upheld.

But almost everything else has changed. Irish Republica nism began as a colonial independence movement, similar to the American independence movement of some years previously, except that in the Irish case the "Indians" were invited to take part and offered a share in the projected nation. Later, in the hands of the Fenians – the choice of name speaks for itself – it became the full-blooded nationalism of the native nation, with a hand extended to the descendants of the colonists.

l say "full-blooded nationalism" because the primary function of the word "Republican" from this time on was to distinguish the movement for a sovereign, independent Ireland – the Irish counterpart of normal European nationalism – from the semi-nationalism of the Home Rule

Movement.

Again, in the matter of uniting the different elements of the nation, strategy changed. Originally, Republicanism—in theory at least—sought to unite Catholic, Protestant and Dissenter as a means of ousting the English. Later, the aim became to oust the English so that Catholic, Protestant and Dissenter acuid be united. This is still the Renublican Dissenter could be united. This is still the Republican strategy today.

However, by far the profoundest change in Irish Republicanism is its transformation, in the present century, from a bourgeois nationalist movement to what it now is: a humanist, socialist movement of national liberation.

Though many rank-and-file Republicans were unaware of it at the time, this change began to take place in the first 20 years of this century, and the new hunanist, socialist Republicanism was born in 1916. The execution of most of the leaders of the Rising, and the First War of Independence, obscured what had happened. The Civil War obscured it further. It is only now, in the last few years, that the new consciousness has come to the top and begun to shape the mind and the policies of the Republican Movement definitively.

Probably the IRB's acceptance of the Treaty marked—insofar as a single act can mark—the end of the old bourgeois Republicanism. And probably, the real, though unconscious issue, about which the Civil War was fought was bourgeois nationalism, v. humanist nationalism, the

nationalism of the state for the state's sake against the nationalism of the nation and of Irish man. Certainly, it was not fought about Document No. 2

One consequence of this profound change in the nature of the movement is that the inherited Republican doctrine and mentality must be purged of everything that is "bourgeois". Take, for example, the mentality of "separation" "bourgeois".
"separatism"

There is a world of difference between wanting a vereign independent Ireland, in which we can rebuild our tional society, and subscribing to the separatist mentality.

"Separatism" does not merely indicate the desire to have that sort of Ireland: it is a whole philosophy, a bourgeois philosophy, an anti-socialist philosophy, and a great hindrance to realistic thinking about how to achieve our

"Separatism" expresses, in the national sphere, that sick and illusory bourgeois individualism which sees the good life in shutting oneself off from other people and making oneself secure against them. As a guiding mentality for a nation, a nationalist movement or an individual person, it leads to a crippled humanity defying the social reality of the world and of human nature. Men and nations are not made to live "separately" or alone, and the attempt to do so does not make them free.

An intrinsic part of the separatist mentality was the An intrinsic part of the separatist mentality was the bourgeois unitary state, the political expression of the "unitary" bourgeois personality, all tied up into a knot at the centre, under strict control of the head, and living in dread of losing control. We have abandoned it in favour of the social state i.e. the state which is an association of self-governing communities, and therefore not really a "state" in the sense in which this is usually understood.

We are fighting not for the freedom of an imaginary unitary entity called "Ireland", but for the freedom of Ulster, Munster, Leinster and Connacht, and for Irish freedom as the sum total of these freedoms.

"Break the connection with England" said separatism. Here again, the negative, isolationist passion. What was actually meant was merely the political connection, and not even that – for we would exchange ambassadors and conclude treaties – but the political domination of England or, more correctly, of London. Yorkshire and Devon play no nart in leich affairs no part in Irish affairs.

But it sounded much better, and felt much better more satisfyingly isolationist — to say simply "Break the connection with England" and leave it at that.

What of our political, or any other connection with Wales and Scotland? Separatism was silent. Though they were nearer to us than England, they did not exist.

What we now aim at, much more realistically, is not to

#### NOTEBOOK



#### NOTE TO FREEMAN

THE Parisian Empire, otherwise known as France. All the peoples of the periphery, from Brittany southwards round to Alsace, still have their own languages — languages other than French

line indicating the inner boundary of the British Isles, the line indicating the inner boundary of the periphery was 150 miles from London — not 200 as stated. I'm sorry about that. CORRECTION: In last week's map of the British Isles, the

separate ourselves from any people, but to change our relationship with England, Wales and Scotalnd from one that is dominated and controlled by London to one that is free and under our own control.

Or rather, we seek to change the relationship of Ulster, Munster, Leinster and Connacht, and of Ireland as a whole, to England, Wales and Scotland, in that manner.

We seek a new set of relationships – free relationships – within Ireland, and between Ireland, on the one hand, and England, Scotland and Wales, on the other.

#### **FREEMAN**

#### NEWS IN PICTURES









### Cruise O'Brien congo Cruise O'Brien has spoken again! His latest exercise in the betrayal of his a chara Slammed

scrisis in the betrayal of his country and his self-avowed socialist philosophies, is his puerile attack on what he terms the fake Liberals' of Ireland. He attempts to assure the people of this divided country that those who condemn repressive degislation are thinly veiled members of the Republican Movement.

legislation are thinly veiled members of the Republican Movement.

shed their blood for through the Anglo-Saxon rantings of Dr. O'Brien.
Poor Dr. O'Brien, who by the way, appears to be in the latter stages of parionia, seems to think that all legislation should be repressive. We have always been given given and legislation should be corrective and rehabilitative. The learned doctor obviously has his own theories about this. He also has some grandiose thereis concerning the Posts and relegables system of this state and we all know just how abysmal that the properties of the state and we all know just how abysmal that the properties of the state and we all know just how abysmal that the properties of the state and we all know just how abysmal that the properties of the state and we all know just how abysmal that has printed the state and we all know just how abysmal that has printed the state and we all know just how abysmal that has printed and he had been all the state and we all know just how abysmal that has printed and the stage of the state and we all know just how abysmal that has printed the stage of t

former.
When Dr. O'Brien talks about
the 'Crime of armed conspiracy'
one cannot help but recallanother such conspiracy (which

inadvertantly provided the doctor and his fellow Quislings with safe, rewarding 1 level hoods) that occurred in 1 level hoods that occurred in 1 level hoods that occurred in 1 level hoods that occurred in 1 level house the first of the first of the first occurred in 1 level hoods that occurred in 1 level hoods have been supported in 1 level hoods of the first occurred in 1 level hoods of the first occurred in 1 level hoods of the level hoods of t

#### **INEXCUSABLE**

INEXCUSABLE

I. WAS. shocked to see in the Advertisement section of our paper (Deireadh Fomhair II) in paper (Deireadh Fomhair II) and advertisement by a New York couple requesting the adoption of a County child. I have no doubt that the couple are well meaning but the arrogance in specifying that the child must be requested by the specific properties of the specific pr

write what I believe, which is that it is morially wrong for you to adopt a 6 County Catholic grit from 1—4 and remove her from a Surely you can satisfy your conscience by adopting an underpriviledged child in America?

Please don't deprive an Irish grit of the chance to grow up and live in 32-County Republic.

Lee Marsden.

Ipswich, Sasana.

CUMANN CABHRACH -- ATH CLIATH

IRISH MUSIC

AND BALLADS

POPULAR ARTISTS

THE PARKSIDE HOTEL

THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 21

8 p.m. to 11.30 p.m.

TAILLEE 50p. (BUS ROUTES 10 AND 14)

Editor's Note: In publishing this letter, we wish to point out that advertisements in "An Phoblacht" do not necessarily reflect the editorial policy of the paper. There must obviously exist a policy line in the acceptance or

#### READERS' COMPLAINT

I WRITE to complain about the carelessness and lack of any coherent analysis of society which is exceedingly evident in your paper. The complete with the straight news reports, is open to provide the straight news reports, is open to riticism, and indeed I sometimes wonder whether those who write the paper, and their consequent duty to educate and develop the paper, and their consequent duty to educate and develop the paper, and their consequent duty to educate and develop the readers. I have space here to take just a couple of examples.

The desire to extend co-operation and dialogue with the Protestant working-classes in the 6 Counties is one which all the Protestant working-classes in the 6 Counties is one which all the Protestant working-classes in the 6 Counties is one which all the Protestant working-classes in the 6 Counties is one which all the protestant working-classes in the 6 Counties is one which all the protestant working-classes in the 6 Counties is one which all the protestant working-classes in the 6 Counties in the Counties of the count

but the civilian population, especially the Catholic section of it. What evidence is there of a change of heart by those Loyalists who have had the opportunity to reflect in prison on what they have been doing, those men who of all should have begun a fundamental rethink or previously held a sax sumptions? None would be very happy to see proof to the contrary. From the few copies of the publications of these groups which I have managed to read. I would classify all of them as having Fascist tendencies. I do not do so lightly, I am convinced that, with their mistrast of big beautiful to the contrary. From the loss of a privileged position, their fear of an international "Markist Conspiracy", and their hankering after a lost 'golden age' of order and strong government, to mention but a few of their recurring themes, they have muck to whom had e up. Hitler's Brownshirts, or even more lately, with the 'poor whites' of the U.S. and of Mozambique, who attack, fellow-workers, they have muck to the work of the contraint of the contrain



Miss Mary Lawlor, who has been Ardchomhairle. co-opted to the Sinn Feir

Miss Mary Lawlor, who has be Ardchomharle.

in our affections. It is obvious that Traolach' does not have to walk down the Falls Road to work every morating; if he did not work every morating; if he did watching out for Loyalist killergangs at the very peril of his higher than the control of the control o

2 and 3 of the 1937 Free State Constitution. I would have thought that no true Republican would look for authority, but would rather base his conduct on the moral sanction provided by the only Republican Legislature we have ever had in Ireland, — the First Dail. Similarly, the whole capitalist system could be on its death-bed, workers could be everywhere taking over their factories, and Ibergia the second state of the second state of the second s 2 and 3 of the 1937 Free State Constitution. I would be

MANCHESTER MARTYRS

A service and Commemoration will be held at Ben Brierley, Moston, Manchester, on Sunday 24th of November, 1974 at 2.30 p.m. to honour the memory of Allen, Larkin and

These Irish patriots gave their lives for Ireland on a Gallows tree in the City of Manchester over a century ago.

We remember them as the Manchester Martyrs. We appeal to Irish people everywhere but especially to people resident in England, Scotland and Wales to attend.

**Grand Supper, Ceili** & Cabaret

Republican Function

OSTA JOHN DEVOY Johnstown, Co. Kildare SATURDAY 16th NOVEMBER, 1974 8.30 p.m. to 1 a.m.

TICKETS (payable in advance) £1.75 Buses (extra) leave 44 Parnell Square at 8 p.m. Raffle for Round Tower during Ceili.

FULLY LICENSED

#### NATIONAL DELEGATE CONFERENCE

The National Federation of Shop Stewards and Rank and File Committees is holding a National Delegate Conference on December 7.

The purpose of the Conference is to bring together trade unionists throughout the country to find ways of defeating redundancy. Also to discuss how to defeat the threat of wage restraint. The aim is to work out a policy of action.

If you wish to attend this Conference, you will have to be delegated by your appropriate trade-union organisation, i.e., Union Executive, District Committee, Trades Council, Branch, Shop or Section Committee, or Shop Steward.
So if you want credentials, get the organisation which will be delegating you to fill out this form and send it to 12 Montague St., Dublin.

..... DELEGATES AND FIND ENCLOSED

PLEASE SEND US CREDENTIALS FOR ..... ...... FOR CONFERENCE FEES. (50p PER DELEGATE).

#### Aonach na Nollag

The annual Anach na Nollag (Christmas Fair) in aid of the Republican Prisoners' Dependents will be held in the Mansion House, Dublin on December 6, 7, and 8.

We appeal for gifts of any kind for the following types of stalls:

Groceries, toys, books, vegetables, bottles, wheel of fortune

Gifts should be delivered to Máire Ní Chéarnaigh, 16 Harrington Street, Dublin or to 44 Parnell Square, Dublin 1.

#### SUPPORT THE PRISONERS

Send a subscription today to: An Cumann Cabhrach, 44 Cearnog Pharnell, Baile Atha Cliath, 1, EIRE.

#### AROUND THE COUNTRY

le Máire Ní Bhaoill



#### Sinn Féin meeting in Carrigart

On Saturday a well-attended open meeting of Sinn Fein was held in the North Star Hotel. Carrigatr, recently.

The purpose of the meeting was threefold: to explain Sinn Fein policy and to invite questions from the people present; to expand the membership of the existing Cumann; and to establish a Cumann Cabrach Committee in aid of political prisoners' dependents. The meeting was chaired by Patrick Doherty, a member of the local Sinn Fein cumann. Mr. Joe O'Neill, Sinn Fein member of Ballyshannon Town Commissioners and chairman of Donegal Combainté Ceanntair, were the main speakers.

After Mr. Dalv had explained

man of Donegal Com haife Cean-tair, were the main speakers.

After Mr. Daly had explained at some length the principles and policies of Sinn Fein, there were many questions from the floor on Ireland's entry into the E.E.C. and on Sinn Fein policy on Assoc-iate Membership. The small farmers showed keen interest in what Commissioner Daly had to t Commissioner Daly had to on the E.E.C. and its adverse ets on Irish agriculture, partic-ly with reference to the cattle

trade. There was a great deal of dissatisfaction expressed at the Government's inaction on the encroachment of our fishing waters by foreign trawlers and factory ships. The people were interested to know the views of Sinn Fein on this ever increasing threat to the livelihood of our fishermen. fishermen.

fishermen.

In reply, Colr. O'Neill, said that first and foremost the fishermen would have to organise themselves, and that Sinn Fein policy in relation to this was clearly defined in their policy document, "Fish Ning" that the recourses of

defined in their policy document, "Eire Nua", that the resources of Ireland belonged to the people of Ireland and are not open to exploitation and plunder. The question of a Citizens Advice Office was discussed. The local Sinn Fein Cumann members said they were looking into the possibility of setting up an Advice Bureau in the area. The establish-ment of a Cumann Cabbrach Committee was discussed and six people came forward and give people came forward and give

people came forward and gave their names. There were substantial sales of Republican literature, which was on display

#### Co. Mayo

After mass meetings were held in Raheen and Roundfert in support of Proinnsfos Stage, Colt. Gerry Ginty who addressed both meetings described the dreadful prison conditions which had led to Stage's two hunger strikes. He condemned the 26 County politicians for their cowardly silence

and urged all present to send telegrams to the British govern-ment demanding decent con-ditions for him.

Another speaker, Séamus Ó Mongain, said that Proinnsíos Stags was a neighbour's child and a comrade of many of the young men who were present at the meeting.

meeting. He had been sentenced for He had been sentenced for trying to help his countrymen in the Six Counties, who had been driven to revolt by British mis-rule and oppression. At the end of his first hunger strike, lasting 70 days, he was so weak that his chin had to be held up by a bandage like the marbh fhaise tied like the marbh fhaise tied occopses long ago, said Mr. O Mon-efin.

The meetings were organised by the Mayo Comhairlecheantair, Sinn Fein.

#### Cobh News

On Saturday, November 2, sig-natures for a petition calling for the immediate granting of all Proinnsios Stagg's demands, was taken up in Cobh. The petition, which was organised by the Rep-ublican Movement was well sup-ported.

#### Sympathy

At a recent meeting of the West Kerry region of Sinn Fein, held at Dingle, votes of sympathy were passed with the O'Dowd and Russell families on the death of their brother-in-law, the late Tom Abearne of Limprick

## A glossy, well produced British Army recruiting booklet, entitled "Your life in the Army — the Professionals", has found its way into my possession. Apart from the fact that such probalities as that whatever life in the British army is like, its not very long, are not mentioned, full marks to the H.M. Ministry of Defence and in all fairness, a substantial section is devoted to widows' pensions etc.

#### SPECIAL QUALIFICATIONS

SPECIAL QUALIFICATIONS

What I felt you might find interesting is the section which lists "the regiments of the British army." It begins with the following observation: "those (regiments) marked\* are restricted either to entrants with special qualifications or to men who are already soldiers." The only regiment marked\* is the Special Air Service Regiment—the S.A.S.

The "Special qualifications" are not listed so lets hazard a few guesses—experience in crime (preferably murder), ability to plant bombs in crowded streets giving no warning, aptitude for 'sectarian murders etc. Point taken?

#### **CERTAINLY - BUT WHERE?**

Conor Booze O'Brien made a few note-worthy remarks lately — by way of a change. The Irish Press quoted him as saying: "let's talk openly about the North." I wonder where. Certainly not on radio or on television – he himself sees to that. At public meetings his Special Branch are doing their best to event such meetings being allowed take

place.

Dr. Booze O'Brien, who as usual mentioned every affair of state except posts and telegraphs (sorry, if that is stale news), said he "would be sorry and saddened if it was thought that he had said anything disparaging beat it. CIT or Sextabout the (Free State) army, having seen them perform in Katango 13 years ago."



It is interesting that it was he who ordered the U.N. forces (including the contingent mentioned above) into Katango to prevent the partition of the Congo at the whim of a minority within the area as a whole. Who approved of physical force to solve a national question then? Who approved of physical force to prevent the usurpation of the national democratic will then? Hardly consistent, Dr. O'Brien?

#### EXPLOIT AND WELCOME

le Macalla

Some German friends recently sent me an advertisement which appeared in German business and financial journals while the now defunct Stormont Executive was still in

The advertisement showed an over groomed and obviously posed John Hume inviting German businessmen to "invest in Northern Ireland

Ireland".

But most revealing of all was the final punch-line — "Nordirland—Das Bedeutetein Gutes Gerchaft", or, in English, — "Northern Ireland — that means good investment for you". Yes, indeed, the good old 'come, exploit, get rich and exit' theme. I trust that the 'Social' and 'Labour' tags of the S.D.L.P. will be seen for what they are worth.

And in another similar advertisement, Billy Blease, General Secretary of the Northern section of the Congress of Trade Unions, assured German industrialists that the workers of the North were not prove to strike and

of the North were not prone to strike and were accustomed to smaller wage packets than their German counterparts. Yes, "comrades' the 'revolution' is surely at hand.

#### 'SÓISIALACH' MÓR

Le déanaí dhíol Dr. John O'Connell a chuid sin den Iris, "Irish Medical Times" le comhlucht Sasanach, Haymarket Publishing Ltd. Tuairiscítear go bhfuair sé suim mhor airgid de bhrí to raibh an méid sin profíoí le fáil as an Iris cheana féin.

rau as an ris cheana fein.

Mar mhíniú ar an scéal, dúirt sé, "When you're out in the ocean in the middle of a hurricane you shouldn't be on a rowboat. You need to hop on a liner." Is speisiúil an deacadh atá ag an dochtúir ar na hollchomhultaí gaus ar shaoirse eacnamaíochta de tir. luchtaí agus ar shaoirse eacnamaíochta don ti

seo ón mBreatain.

Ar ndóigh seo smaoineamh atá go smior sa Labour Party'. Direach mar an gcéanna chuaigh bád rámha an 'Labour Party' ar bord long Fine Gael. Tá a phraghas féin ar gach 'prionsabal' de chuid an dreama seo.

#### **HYPOCRITES**

When the Chairman of the Dublin Branch of the N.U.J. issued a statement condemning the conviction of Eamonn Mac Thomais for possession of a document relevent to his profession, it is interesting to note that it was published by only the Irish Times, Irish Press and An Phoblacht. The Irish Independent did not use the statement and R.T.E. mentioned it only on their early news bulletin.

not use the statement and R.T.E. mentioned it only on their early news bulletin.

My enquiries into the matter have revealed that members of the Irish Independent Chapel of the Union (whose names I will release at the opportune time) insisted that their newspaper refuse to carry the statement.

These individuals, who packed the last branch meeting at which it was decided NOT to take action in support of their imprisanced

to take action in support of their imprisoned colleague and fellow union member, also contacted certain individuals in the NU.J. chapel in R.T.E., asking that they follow suit. These 'gentlemen' co-operated.

Members of the Irish Independent Chapel who (in conceined) felt and the processions of the content of the procession of the content of the procession of the content of the

Members of the ITRN independent unaper who (in conscience) felt compelled to support the motion calling for action in the Mac Thomais case, were and continue to be victimised by executives and even some of their immediate colleagues.

The ghost of William M artin Murphy still stiller the along convenience of brain and the stiller than a company convictions of brain and the stiller than along convenience of brain and the stiller than a st

stalks the gloomy corridors of Independent House. It would appear that 'The Exorcist', which was showing just down the road for so long, changed nothing. Only a public outcry ever will.

#### **RELEASE MAC THOMAIS!** Freedom For The Press!

PUBLIC MEETING

MANSION HOUSE, MONDAY NOV. 25

Full details next issue.

### S.F. picket withdrawn after "meeting" agreed.

SINN FEIN members picketing Dr. Garret FitzGerald, Free State Minister for Foreign Affairs at Tully's Hotel, Castlerea, on Sunday, October 27, were withdrawn after Dr. FitzGerald agreed to meet a deputation. The meeting was arranged after discussion between Mr. Paddy Concannon, Chairman of Roscommon County Council, and Mr. Larry Noone, Chairman of the County Roscommon Comhairle Ceanntair, Sinn Fein.



Mr. Larry Noone, Chairman Roscommon Comhairle cheantair. Sinn Fein.

Mr. FitzGerald was guest of honour at a Fine Gael dinner in the hotel and later met Mr. Noone, Mr. Des Crophan, Comhairle Ceanntair Secretary and another member.

Later Mr. Noone said: "We had a discussion during which we protested at the continued denies of Mr. John Joe McGirl, and Leitrim County Councillors."

ion of Mr. John Joe McGirl, a Leitrim County Councillor, and demanded that Mr. FitzGerald make representations to the British Government to effect his immediate release so that he would be able to act on behalf of those who elected him. Dr. FitzGerald promised to look into the case further. He said he would reply to the Comhaire Ceanntair in due course.

"We also deplored the recent remarks made by Dr. FitzGerald during his tour of America which rhe urged Irish Americans to withdraw their financial support

Ceanntair, Sinn Fein.
for organisations such as Irish
Northern Aid, which he claimed
were a front for the LR.A:
"We pointed out to Dr. FitzGerald that Irish Northern Aid
had made their books available
for inspection on many occasions
and no prosecutions had taken
place as a result.
"We also drew Dr. FitzGerald's attention to the fact that
Green Cross '73, Belfast had
offered to have their books investiested by anyone to prove that

offered to have their books investigated by anyone to prove that monies collected were, in fact, used to attend to the needs of the dependants of internees."

Mr. Noone said he placed on record his thanks and appreciation for the assistance and courtesy shown by Mr. Concannon during a precious skit shout the during a previous visit about the detention of Mr. McGirl and for the meeting with Dr.

arranging the meeting with Dr. FitzGerald.

A letter handed to Dr. Fitz-Gerald by Mr. Noone read as

Gerald by Mr. Noone read as follows:

"We wish to protest in the strongest possible manner at the lack of concern shown by you and your Government at the recent events which occurred in Long Kesh and Magilligan concentration camps, Crumlin Road, and Armagh prisons. Your Government's silence in this matter is to be deplored.

Many men and women have suffered severe injuries as a result of the brutal behaviour of the British Army, R.U.C. and Prison

guards.
"In particular we wish to draw your attention to the case of Councillor John Joe McGirl, who was severely beaten in Long Kesh and who had to receive hospital treatment. As you are aware, Mr.

McGirl is an elected representa of the people, having headed the poll in the recent Local Government election in Co. Leitrim for

ment election in Co. Leittim for the Ballinamore area.
"You and other Ministers have on many occasions urged Sinn Fein to put their policies before the people at the "ballot box." Mr. McGirl is a member of the Ard Comhairle of Sinn Fein who did just as you have urged, and from behind the wire of the hell hole of Long Kesh at that. He was elected.

"Where stands democracy now? What do you say about the "ballot box" now? Will you now call for the release of this elected representative? We demand that you make immediate representa-tions to the British Government for his immediate release.

for his immediate release.
"We deplore your recent remarks made during your American
tour when you called on IrishAmericans to withdraw their financial support from organisations
like Noraid. These funds are channelled through voluntary groups
like Green Cross '73 in Belfast. like Green Cross '73 in Belfast. Mr. Kevin Rooney, a committee trustee, invited you to inspect their books for yourself, will you accept his offer?

"This committee looks after the families of internees and those syntened to inhuman conditions."

sentenced to inhuman conditions sentenced to inhuman conditions in Ireland and England. Do you want the five Kennedy children whose mother is in Armagh prison and whose father is in Armagh prison and whose father is in Long Kesh to starve to death? How do you expect the wives and children of men who are thrown in concentration camps without trial, to survive?

"These questions should be answered by you."

\*